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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/213,856	12/17/1998	SCOTT ANTHONY MORGAN	AT9-98-343 6318		
7:	590 08/27/2002				
Leslie Van Leeuwen IPLAW Dept IMAD 4054 IBM Corporation			EXAMINER		
			ARMSTRONG, ANGELA A		
11400 Burnet F Austin, TX 78	<del>-</del>		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			2654	4.0	
			DATE MAILED: 08/27/2002	20	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	•	Application No.		Applicant(s)					
	<b>C</b>	09/213,856		MORGAN ET AL.	•				
<b>W</b>	Office Action Summary	Examiner	,	Art Unit					
		Angela A. Armstı	rong	2654					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
A SHO THE N - Extens after S - If the   - If NO   - Failure - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, sply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, howe within the statutory mir will apply and will expire cause the application to	ever, may a reply be time limum of thirty (30) days SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timely. he mailing date of this com (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.				
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 J	<u>lune 2002</u> .							
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☐ Thi	is action is non-fi	nal.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims									
·		in the application							
•	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-8,10-13 and 15</u> is/are pending i 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav								
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Wil Holli Collsider	auon.						
5)∐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,5-8,10-13 and 15</u> is/are rejected.									
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
· _	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election require	ment.						
•	on Papers								
9)□ T	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.							
10)□ T	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep	oted or b) object	ed to by the Exan	niner.					
_	Applicant may not request that any objection to the								
11)□ T	he proposed drawing correction filed on			ed by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.									
	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
a)L	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>									
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).									
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.									
Attachment(s)									
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4)		(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-					

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

# **Double Patenting**

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1-15 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-15 of copending Application No. 09/213,858 in view of Morin (US Patent No. 5,748,841). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both sets of claims includes the limitations of predetermining a plurality of speech commands associated with a corresponding plurality of system actions, detecting speech commands and words associated with speech commands, displaying speech commands, performing the corresponding system action if a particular command is selected. Application No. 09/213,858 does not teach determining relevant commands or displaying relevant commands based on the detection of non-command speech terms. Refer to Morin et al who teach a computer speech recognition system which receives a speech input from the user, processed the speech input and determines if the speech input is related or representative of valid commands, and identifies to the user said valid system commands applicable to a computer application or program (col. 19,

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line 20 – col. 20, line 64), for the purpose of allowing users unfamiliar with available commands of an application to progressively build sentences which will have meaning to the application (col. 1, lines 15-20).

- 3. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of invention to modify the speech recognition system of Application No. 09/213,858 to process speech input to determine if the speech input is related or representative of valid commands, and identify to the user the valid system commands, as taught by Morin et al, for the purpose of allowing users unfamiliar with available commands of an application to progressively build sentences which will have meaning to the application, as also taught by Morin et al.
- 4. This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brant et al. (US Patent No. 5,386,494) in view of Morin et al (US Patent No. 5,748,841).
- 7. Regarding claims 1, 6, and 11

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Predetermining a plurality of speech commands for respectively initiating each of a corresponding plurality of system actions is taught by Brant at col. 6, lines 32-45

Detecting speech commands and non-command speech terms is taught by Brant at col. 6. lines 21-30; col. 2, lines 29-40

Displaying said speech command is taught by Brant at Figures 7-10

Brant does not specifically teach associating non-command speech terms with an associated command and displaying relevant commands based on the non-command speech term. Refer to Morin et al who teach a computer speech recognition system which receives a speech input from the user, processed the speech input and determines if the speech input is related or representative of valid commands, and identifies to the user said valid system commands applicable to a computer application or program (col. 19, line 20 – col. 20, line 64), for the purpose of allowing users unfamiliar with available commands of an application to progressively build sentences which will have meaning to the application (col. 1, lines 15-20).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of invention to modify the speech recognition system for recognizing commands of Brant, to process speech input to determine if the speech input is related or representative of valid commands, and identify the relevant system commands, as taught by Morin et al, for the purpose of allowing users unfamiliar with available commands of an application to progressively build sentences which will have meaning to the application, as also taught by Morin et al.

## 9. Regarding claims 2, 7, and 12

Selecting a displayed command to thereby initiate a system action is taught by Brant at col. 6, lines 46-51 and col. 6, line 61 continuing to col. 7, line 3

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10. Regarding claims 3, 8, and 13

Selecting displayed command include speech command input means is taught by Brant et al. at col. 6, lines 46-51

11. Regarding claims 5, 10, and 15

Relevance table of speech input commands and computer operation terms associated with input commands and relating speech terms of specific actions with command of the relevance table is taught by Morin at col. 21, line 49 continuing to col. 22, line 45 and is taught by Brant at col. 6, line 31 continuing to col. 7, line 20; col. 7, lines 60-65; and col. 10, lines 39-57.

#### Response to Arguments

- 12. Applicant's arguments filed June 19, 2002, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 13. Applicant argues that the Brant reference does not suggest providing for each true command, an associated set of relevant speech terms which are not commands or simultaneously displaying both the recognized true commands as well as the true commands for which a relevant associated speech term was recognized. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).
- 14. Applicant argues that Morin's teaching is too complex to offer one skilled in the art any insight into or suggestion of Applicant's invention. Applicant further argues that the Examiner

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fails to specifically point out where in Morin's elaborate teaching is there a suggestion of the deficiencies of the Brant teaching. In response, applicant is referred to col. 19, line 20 – col. 20, line 64 of the Morin reference, which discloses a computer speech recognition system which receives a speech input from the user, processes the speech input and determines if the speech input is related or representative of valid commands, and identifies to the user a set of valid system commands applicable to a computer application or program. Applicant is also referred to col. 1, lines 15-20 of the Morin reference, which discloses that the system is advantageous in assisting the users in acquiring language for an application, and specifically suggests that the system can be used for allowing users unfamiliar with available commands of an application to progressively build sentences, which will have meaning to the application.

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#### Conclusion

15. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Angela A. Armstrong whose telephone number is 703-308-6258. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 7:30-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marsha Banks-Harold can be reached on (703) 305-4379. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9314 for regular communications and 703-872-9314 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-0377.

AAA August 24, 2002

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